

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An image forming characteristics measuring method in which at least one image forming characteristic of a projection optical system is measured, said method comprising:

a measuring process in which wavefront aberration of said projection optical system is measured at one measurement point at the least in a field of said projection optical system; and

a calculating process in which at least one targeted image forming characteristic is calculated, based on said measuring of wavefront aberration and a Zernike sensitivity table of said targeted image forming characteristic that is prepared in advance.

2. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 1 wherein

in said calculating process, when said targeted image forming characteristic include image forming characteristics of a plurality of types, said image forming characteristics of a plurality of types included in said targeted image forming characteristic are each calculated, based on said measuring of wavefront aberration and a Zernike sensitivity table for each of said image forming characteristics of a plurality of types.

3. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 1, said method further comprising:

5 a making process in which conditions are set in order to make a Zernike sensitivity table, based on information on a pattern subject to projection by said projection optical system and said targeted image forming characteristic, and a Zernike sensitivity table of said targeted image forming characteristic that corresponds to
10 information related to a given aberration is made, based on information related to said projection optical system and information related to said given aberration, prior to said measuring process.

15 4. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 3 wherein

said information related to said projection optical system includes numerical aperture of said projection optical system, illumination condition, and wavelength of
20 illumination light.

5. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 3 wherein

in said making process, when said targeted image
25 forming characteristic include image forming characteristics of a plurality of types, a Zernike sensitivity table for each of said image forming characteristics of a plurality of types that correspond

to said information related to aberration is made.

6. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 1, further comprising:

5 a displaying process in which information related to said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated is displayed.

7. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 1 wherein

10 said Zernike sensitivity table is a table in which a predetermined value of aberration is given to each term in a Zernike polynomial and said targeted image forming characteristic is calculated for a plurality of terms in
15 said Zernike polynomial.

8. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 7 wherein

a first information related to a pattern subject to
20 projection by said projection optical system and a second information related to a projection condition of said pattern are used when making said Zernike sensitivity table.

25 9. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 8 wherein

said second information includes numerical aperture of said projection optical system and an illumination

condition of said pattern.

10. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 7 wherein

5 when different patterns are each projected by said projection optical system, said targeted image forming characteristic is calculated by making a Zernike sensitivity table for each of said patterns.

10 11. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 7 wherein

 when said targeted image forming characteristic includes an image forming characteristic of a plurality of types, a Zernike sensitivity table is made for each of
15 said image forming characteristics to perform said calculation.

12. The image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 7 wherein

20 when a plurality of projection conditions are settable on projection of a pattern by said projection optical system, a Zernike sensitivity table is made for each of said projection conditions to calculate said targeted image forming characteristic.

25

13. An adjusting method of an exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern onto an object via a projection optical system, said method including

a measuring process in which a targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is measured using said image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 1.

5

14. An image forming characteristics adjusting method in which an image forming characteristic of a projection optical system is adjusted, said method including

10 a measuring process in which a targeted image forming characteristic is measured using said image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 1; and

an adjusting process in which said projection optical system is adjusted based on measurement results of said image forming characteristic.

15. The image forming characteristics adjusting method according to Claim 14 wherein

20 said projection optical system comprises a plurality of optical elements that include a specific optical element for adjustment, and

adjustment of said projection optical system is performed by deciding a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element using a relation expression between said measured image forming characteristics, parameters that denote a relation between adjustment of said specific optical element and a change in image

forming characteristics of said projection optical system,
and said targeted adjustment amount of said specific
optical element, and adjusting said specific optical
element according to said targeted adjustment amount that
5 has been decided.

16. An exposure method in which a pattern is
transferred onto an object via a projection optical
system, said method including
10 an adjusting process in which an image forming
characteristic of said projection optical system is
adjusted using said image forming characteristics
adjusting method according to Claim 14; and
a transferring process in which said pattern is
15 transferred onto said object using said projection
optical system whose image forming characteristic is
adjusted.

17. The exposure method according to Claim 16
20 wherein
said image forming characteristic is adjusted by
deciding an adjustment amount of at least one optical
element, based on data of a relation between an
adjustment amount of an optical element of said
25 projection optical system and a change in its image
forming characteristics, and said measured image forming
characteristic, and by driving said optical element
according to said adjustment amount that has been decided.

18. An image forming characteristics adjusting method in which an image forming characteristic of a projection optical system is adjusted, said method
5 including:

a measuring process in which a targeted image forming characteristic is obtained using said image forming characteristics measuring method according to Claim 1; and

10 said image forming characteristic is adjusted by driving an optical element of said projection optical system, based on data of a relation between an adjustment amount of said optical element and a change in coefficients of each term in a Zernike polynomial, and
15 said measured wavefront aberration.

19. An exposure method in which a pattern is transferred onto an object via a projection optical system, said method including

20 an adjusting process in which an image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is adjusted using said image forming characteristics adjusting method according to Claim 18; and

a transferring process in which said pattern is
25 transferred onto said object using said projection optical system whose image forming characteristic is adjusted.

20. An image forming characteristics adjusting method in which at least one image forming characteristic of a projection optical system comprising a plurality of optical elements that include a specific optical element
5 used for adjustment is adjusted, said method comprising:

an obtaining process in which at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is obtained, by obtaining information on light via said projection optical system at one measurement point at the
10 least in a field of said projection optical system; and

a deciding process in which a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element is decided by computation using a relation expression between said image forming characteristic that has been obtained,
15 parameters, and a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element, said parameters denoting a relation between adjustment of said specific optical element and a change in image forming characteristics of said projection optical system.

20

21. The image forming characteristics adjusting method according to Claim 20, said method further comprising:

an obtaining process in which said parameters are
25 obtained, prior to said obtaining process in which said image forming characteristic is obtained.

22. The image forming characteristics adjusting

method according to Claim 20 wherein

in said obtaining process in which said image forming characteristic is obtained, image forming characteristics of a plurality of types are obtained, and

5 in said deciding process, a target adjustment amount of said specific optical element is decided by computation using a relation expression between said image forming characteristics of a plurality of types that have been obtained, parameters, and a targeted
10 adjustment amount of said specific optical element, said parameters denoting a relation between adjustment of said specific optical element and a change in image forming characteristics of said projection optical system.

15 23. The image forming characteristics adjusting method according to Claim 20 wherein said image forming characteristic is a wavefront aberration expressed in a Zernike polynomial.

20 24. The image forming characteristics adjusting method according to Claim 23 wherein

said relation expression is an equation that includes a weighting function that performs weighting on a coefficient of any term in coefficients of each term of
25 said Zernike polynomial.

25. An exposure method in which a pattern formed on a mask is transferred onto a substrate via a projection

optical system, said exposure method comprising:

an adjusting process in which at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is adjusted using said image forming characteristics
5 adjusting method according to Claim 20; and

a transferring process in which said pattern is transferred onto said substrate using said projection optical system whose image forming characteristic is adjusted.

10

26. A making method of an exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern of a mask onto a substrate via a projection optical system, said making method comprising:

an adjusting process in which said projection
15 optical system is adjusted using said image forming characteristics adjusting method according to Claim 20.

27. An exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern formed on a mask onto a substrate via a projection
20 optical system, said exposure apparatus comprising:

a measuring unit that measures wavefront aberration of said projection optical system, said measuring unit being at least partly attachable to an exposure apparatus main body including said projection optical system; and

25 a first computing unit that calculates at least one targeted image forming characteristic based on wavefront aberration of said projection optical system measured by said measuring unit and a Zernike sensitivity table of

said targeted image forming characteristic.

28. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 27,
further comprising:

5 a storage unit that stores said Zernike sensitivity
table in advance.

29. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 27
wherein

10 said Zernike sensitivity table is a Zernike
sensitivity table of said targeted image forming
characteristic that corresponds to information on a given
aberration on exposure of a subject pattern.

15 30. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 29,
further comprising:

an input unit used to input information of various
types including information on said subject pattern,
information on said targeted image forming characteristic,
20 information related to said projection optical system,
and information on said given aberration; and

a second computing unit that set conditions in
order to make a Zernike sensitivity table based on said
information on said subject pattern and said targeted
25 image forming characteristic input via said input unit,
and based on information related to said projection
optical system and information related to said given
aberration input via said input unit, said second

computing unit makes a Zernike sensitivity table of said targeted image forming characteristic that corresponds to information on said given aberration on exposure of said subject pattern.

5

31. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 30 wherein

said information related to said projection optical system includes numerical aperture of said projection optical system, illumination condition, and wavelength of illumination light.

32. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 27, further comprising:

15 a display unit which displays information on said targeted image forming characteristic calculated by said first computing unit on screen.

33. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 27, further comprising:

20 an image forming characteristics correcting unit that corrects at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system based on calculation results of said targeted image forming characteristic by
25 said first computing unit.

34. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 33 wherein

said projection optical system is structured comprising a plurality of optical elements that include a specific optical element used for adjustment, and

said image forming characteristics correcting unit
5 has a storage unit in which parameters are stored in advance that denotes a relation between adjustment of said specific optical element and a change in image forming characteristics of said projection optical system, and a calculation unit that calculates a targeted
10 adjustment amount of said specific optical element using a relation expression between information on said image forming characteristic that has been calculated, said parameters, and a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element.

15

35. A device manufacturing method including a lithographic process, wherein in said lithographic process exposure is performed using said exposure apparatus according to Claim 27.

20

36. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 27 wherein

said Zernike sensitivity table is a table in which a predetermined value of aberration is given to each term
25 in a Zernike polynomial and said targeted image forming characteristic is calculated for a plurality of terms in said Zernike polynomial.

37. An exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern formed on a mask onto a substrate via a projection optical system, said exposure apparatus comprising:

5 said projection optical system that comprises a plurality of optical elements including a specific optical element used for adjustment;

10 a storage unit in which parameters are stored in advance that denotes a relation between adjustment of said specific optical element and a change in image forming characteristics of said projection optical system,

15 a measuring unit that measures at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system, said measuring unit being at least partly attachable to an exposure apparatus main body including said projection optical system; and

20 a computing unit that calculates a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element using a relation expression between an actual measurement data measured by said measuring unit, said parameters, and a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element.

38. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 37, further comprising:

25 an image forming characteristics adjusting unit that adjusts at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system by adjusting said specific optical element according to said calculated targeted

adjustment amount.

39. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 37 wherein

5 said measuring unit can measure image forming characteristics of a plurality of types of said projection optical system, and

 said computing unit calculates a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element using
10 a relation expression between an actual measurement data of said image forming characteristics of a plurality of types measured by said measuring unit, said parameters, and a targeted adjustment amount of said specific optical element.

15

40. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 37 wherein said image forming characteristic is a wavefront aberration expressed in a Zernike polynomial.

20 41. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 40 wherein said relation expression is an equation that includes a weighting function that performs weighting on a coefficient of any term in coefficients of each term of said Zernike polynomial.

25

42. A device manufacturing method including a lithographic process, wherein in said lithographic process exposure is performed using said exposure

apparatus according to Claim 37.

43. A program that makes a control computer of an exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern of a mask
5 onto a substrate via a projection optical system execute a predetermined process, said program making said control computer execute:

a condition setting procedure in which conditions are set for making a Zernike sensitivity table in
10 response to an input of information related to information on a subject pattern and information on a targeted image forming characteristic; and

a making procedure in which a Zernike sensitivity table of said targeted image forming characteristic
15 corresponding to information on given aberration on exposure of said subject pattern is made, in response to an input of information related to said projection optical system and information on said given aberration.

20 44. The program according to Claim 43, said program further making said control computer execute:

a calculating procedure in which said targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is calculated in response to an input of actual
25 measurement data of wavefront aberration of said projection optical system, based on said actual measurement data and said Zernike sensitivity table.

45. The program according to Claim 44, said program further making said control computer execute:

a displaying procedure in which information on said targeted image forming characteristic that has been
5 calculated is displayed on a display unit.

46. A program according to Claim 44, said program further making said control computer execute:

an adjusting procedure in which said projection
10 optical system is adjusted so that said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated becomes optimal.

47. A program according to Claim 44, said program
15 further making said control computer execute:

a making procedure in which said Zernike sensitivity table is made in response to input of different information related to said projection optical system and input of information on said given aberration,
20 by each different information related to said projection optical system;

a calculating procedure in which said targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is calculated by each different information
25 related to said projection optical system in response to input of actual measurement data of wavefront aberration of said projection optical system, based on said actual measurement data and said Zernike sensitivity table; and

a deciding procedure in which an optimum exposure condition is decided by finding information related to said projection optical system that makes said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated
5 become optimal.

48. The program according to Claim 47, said program further making said control computer execute:

a setting procedure in which said optimum exposure
10 condition that has been decided is set.

49. An information storage medium that can be read by a computer in which a program according to Claim 43 is recorded.

15

50. A program that makes a control computer execute a process, said program making said control computer execute:

a procedure of calculating a targeted image forming
20 characteristic of a projection optical system in response to an input of information related to said targeted image forming characteristic and an input of actual measurement data of wavefront aberration of said projection optical system, based on said actual measurement data and a
25 Zernike sensitivity table of said targeted image forming characteristic that is prepared in advance.

51. The program according to Claim 50, said program

further making said control computer execute:

a displaying procedure in which information on said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated is displayed on a display unit.

5

52. The program according to Claim 50, said program further making said control computer execute:

an adjusting procedure in which said projection optical system is adjusted so that said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated becomes optimal.

10

53. An information storage medium that can be read by a computer in which a program according to Claim 50 is recorded.

15

54. A program that makes a control computer of an exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern of a mask onto a substrate via a projection optical system execute a predetermined process, said program making said control computer execute:

20

a calculating procedure in which a targeted adjustment amount of said projection optical system is calculated in response to an input of actual measurement data of image forming characteristics of said projection optical system, using a relation expression between said actual measurement data of image forming characteristics that has been input, parameters, and a targeted

25

adjustment amount of said projection optical system, said parameters denoting a relation between adjustment of said projection optical system and a change in image forming characteristics of said projection optical system.

5

55. The program according to Claim 54, said program further making said control computer execute:

a displaying procedure in which information on said targeted adjustment amount that has been calculated is
10 displayed on a display unit.

56. The program according to Claim 54, said program further making said control computer execute:

an adjusting procedure in which said projection
15 optical system is adjusted based on said target adjustment amount that has been calculated.

57. The program according to Claim 54 wherein

said parameters are parameters denoting a relation
20 between adjustment of a specific optical element used for adjustment that structures said projection optical system and a change in said image forming characteristics, and
said targeted adjustment amount is an amount of said specific optical element that needs to be adjusted.

25

58. The program according to Claim 54 wherein said image forming characteristic is a wavefront aberration expressed in a Zernike polynomial.

59. The program according to Claim 58 wherein said relation expression is an equation that includes a weighting function that performs weighting on a coefficient of any term in coefficients of each term of said Zernike polynomial.

60. The program according to Claim 54, said program further making said control computer execute:

10 a condition setting procedure in which conditions are set for making a Zernike sensitivity table in response to an input of information related to information on a subject pattern and an input of information on a targeted image forming characteristic;

15 a making procedure in which a Zernike sensitivity table of said targeted image forming characteristic corresponding to information on aberration is made, in response to an input of information related to said projection optical system and information on a given

20 aberration; and

 a calculating procedure in which said targeted image forming characteristic is calculated in response to an input of actual measurement data of wavefront aberration of said projection optical system, based on

25 said measurement data and said Zernike sensitivity table.

61. A program according to Claim 60, said program further making said control computer execute:

a displaying procedure in which information on said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated is displayed on a display unit.

5 62. A program according to Claim 60, said program further making said control computer execute:

 a converting procedure in which information obtained on light via said projection optical system at one measurement point at the least in a field of said
10 projection optical system is converted into actual measurement data of said wavefront aberration of said projection optical system.

 63. An information storage medium that can be read
15 by a computer in which a program according to Claim 54 is recorded.

 64. An image forming characteristics adjusting method in which at least one image forming characteristic
20 of a projection optical system is adjusted, said method including:

 a measuring process in which information related to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system is measured; and

25 said image forming characteristic is adjusted by driving an optical element of said projection optical system, based on data of a relation between an adjustment amount of said optical element and a change in

coefficients of each term in a Zernike polynomial, and said information related to wavefront aberration.

65. The image forming characteristics adjusting
5 method according to Claim 64 wherein

said information related to wavefront aberration is expressed in a Zernike polynomial, and different weighting is performed on a plurality of terms in said Zernike polynomial to decide said adjustment amount of
10 said optical element, in order to adjust an image forming characteristic of a plurality of types of said projection optical system.

66. An exposure method in which a pattern formed on
15 a mask is transferred onto an object via a projection optical system, said exposure method comprising:

an adjusting process in which at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is adjusted using said image forming characteristics
20 adjusting method according to Claim 64; and

a transferring process in which said pattern is transferred onto said object using said projection optical system whose image forming characteristic is adjusted.

25

67. An exposure method in which a pattern is transferred onto an object via a projection optical system, said method including

a measuring process in which information related to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system is measured;

a calculating process in which a targeted image
5 forming characteristic is calculated for each of a plurality of exposure conditions settable when said pattern is projected by said projection optical system, based on said information related to wavefront aberration and a Zernike sensitivity table that is obtained by
10 giving a predetermined value of aberration to each term in a Zernike polynomial and calculating a targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system in each of a plurality of terms in said Zernike polynomial; and

15 a transferring process in which said pattern is transferred onto said object with an optimum exposure condition set with respect to said pattern, based on said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated for each of said exposure conditions.

20

68. The exposure method according to Claim 67 wherein

said exposure conditions include numerical aperture of said projection optical system and an illumination
25 condition of said pattern.

69. The exposure method according to Claim 67 wherein

said Zernike sensitivity table is made for each of
said exposure conditions, and when said targeted image
forming characteristic includes an image forming
characteristic of a plurality of types, a Zernike
5 sensitivity table is made and calculated for each of said
image forming characteristics.

70. The exposure method according to Claim 69
wherein

10 when different patterns are each projected by said
projection optical system, by making a Zernike
sensitivity table for each of said patterns and
calculating said targeted image forming characteristic,
said optimum exposure condition is set for each said
15 different pattern.

71. The exposure method according to Claim 67
wherein

said Zernike sensitivity table is made for each of
20 said exposure conditions, and when different patterns are
each projected by said projection optical system, by
making a Zernike sensitivity table for each of said
patterns and calculating said targeted image forming
characteristic, said optimum exposure condition is set
25 for each said different pattern.

72. An exposure method in which a pattern formed on
a mask is transferred onto an object via a projection

optical system, said exposure method comprising:

an adjusting process in which at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is adjusted using said image forming characteristics

5 adjusting method according to Claim 67; and

a transferring process in which said pattern is transferred onto said object using said projection optical system whose image forming characteristic is adjusted.

10

73. An exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern onto an object via a projection optical system, said exposure apparatus comprising:

a computing unit that obtains a targeted image forming characteristic, based on information related to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system and a Zernike sensitivity table that is obtained by giving a predetermined value of aberration to each term in a Zernike polynomial and calculating said targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system in each of a plurality of terms in said Zernike polynomial; and

an adjusting unit that adjusts at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system based on one of said information related to wavefront aberration and said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated.

25

74. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 73
wherein

said Zernike sensitivity table is made using a first
information related to a pattern subject to projection by
5 said projection optical system and a second information
related to a projection condition of said pattern set
when said pattern is projected.

75. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 74
10 wherein

said second information includes numerical aperture
of said projection optical system and an illumination
condition of said pattern.

76. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 73
15 wherein

said computing unit calculates said targeted image
forming characteristic using a Zernike sensitivity table
that is made for each said pattern when different
20 patterns are each projected by said projection optical
system.

77. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 73
wherein

25 when said targeted image forming characteristic
include an image forming characteristic of a plurality of
types, said computing unit uses a Zernike sensitivity
table that is made for each of said image forming

characteristics to calculate said targeted image forming characteristic.

78. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 73
5 wherein

when a plurality of exposure conditions are settable on projecting said pattern, said computing unit uses a Zernike sensitivity table that is made for each of said exposure conditions to calculate said targeted image
10 forming characteristic.

79. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 73
wherein

said adjusting unit adjusts said image forming
15 characteristic by deciding an adjustment amount of at least one optical element, based on data of a relation between an adjustment amount of an optical element of said projection optical system and a change in its image forming characteristics, and said measured image forming
20 characteristic, and by driving said optical element according to said adjustment amount that has been decided.

80. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 73
wherein

25 said adjusting unit adjusts said image forming characteristic by driving an optical element of said projection optical system, based on data of a relation between an adjustment amount of said optical element and

a change in coefficients of each term in a Zernike polynomial, and information related to said wavefront aberration.

5 81. A device manufacturing method including a lithographic process, wherein in said lithographic process exposure is performed using said exposure apparatus according to Claim 73.

10 82. An exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern onto an object via a projection optical system, said exposure apparatus comprising:

15 a storage unit that stores data related to a relation between an adjustment amount of an optical element of said projection optical system and a change in coefficients of each term in a Zernike polynomial; and

20 an adjusting unit that adjusts at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system based on information related to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system and said data.

83. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 82 wherein

25 said information related to wavefront aberration is expressed in a Zernike polynomial, and said adjusting unit decides said adjustment amount of said optical element by performing different weighting on a plurality of terms in said Zernike polynomial to adjust said image

forming characteristic of a plurality of types of said projection optical system.

84. A device manufacturing method including a
5 lithographic process, wherein in said lithographic process exposure is performed using said exposure apparatus according to Claim 82.

85. An exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern
10 onto an object via a projection optical system, said exposure apparatus comprising:

a computing unit that obtains a targeted image forming characteristic when a plurality of exposure conditions are settable on projecting said pattern by
15 said projection optical system, based on information related to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system and a Zernike sensitivity table that is obtained by giving a predetermined value of aberration to each term in a Zernike polynomial and calculating said
20 targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system in each of a plurality of terms in said Zernike polynomial; and

an exposure control unit that sets an optimum exposure condition for said pattern, based on said
25 targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated for each of said exposure conditions.

86. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 85

wherein

said exposure conditions include numerical aperture of said projection optical system and an illumination condition of said pattern.

5

87. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 85

wherein

said computing unit obtains said targeted image forming characteristic using a Zernike sensitivity table made for each of said exposure conditions, and when said targeted image forming characteristic includes an image forming characteristic of a plurality of types, a Zernike sensitivity table that is made for each of said image forming characteristics is also used.

15

88. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 87

wherein

said computing unit calculates said targeted image forming characteristic when different patterns are projected by said projection optical system, using a Zernike sensitivity table that is made for each of said patterns, and

said exposure control unit sets an optimum exposure condition for each of said different patterns, based on said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated for each of said patterns.

89. The exposure apparatus according to Claim 85

wherein

said computing unit obtains said targeted image forming characteristic using a Zernike sensitivity table made for each of said exposure conditions, and also when
5 different patterns are each projected by said projection optical system, calculates said targeted image forming characteristic using a Zernike sensitivity table that is made for each of said patterns, and

said exposure control unit sets an optimum exposure
10 condition by said different patterns, based on said targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated for each of said patterns.

90. A device manufacturing method including a
15 lithographic process, wherein in said lithographic process exposure is performed using said exposure apparatus according to Claim 85.

91. A program that makes a control computer of an
20 exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern of a mask onto an object via a projection optical system execute a predetermined process, said program making said control computer execute:

a measuring procedure in which information related
25 to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system is measured; and

an adjusting procedure in which at least one image forming characteristic is adjusted by driving an optical

element of said projection optical system, based on data of a relation between an adjustment amount of said optical element and a change in coefficients of each term in a Zernike polynomial, and information related to said
5 wavefront aberration.

92. A program that makes a control computer of an exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern of a mask onto an object via a projection optical system execute a
10 predetermined process, said program making said control computer execute:

a measuring procedure in which information related to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system is measured;

15 a calculating procedure in which a targeted image forming characteristic is calculated in a plurality of exposure conditions settable when projecting said pattern by said projection optical system, based on information related to wavefront aberration of said projection
20 optical system and a Zernike sensitivity table that is obtained by giving a predetermined value of aberration to each term in a Zernike polynomial and calculating said targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system in each of a plurality of terms in said
25 Zernike polynomial; and

a transferring procedure in which said pattern is transferred onto said object with an optimum exposure condition set with respect to said pattern, based on said

targeted image forming characteristic that has been calculated for each of said exposure conditions.

93. A program that makes a control computer of an exposure apparatus that transfers a pattern of a mask onto an object via a projection optical system execute a predetermined process, said program making said control computer execute:

an obtaining procedure in which a targeted image forming characteristic is obtained, based on information related to wavefront aberration of said projection optical system and a Zernike sensitivity table that is obtained by giving a predetermined value of aberration to each term in a Zernike polynomial and calculating said targeted image forming characteristic of said projection optical system in each of a plurality of terms in said Zernike polynomial; and

an adjusting procedure in which at least one image forming characteristic of said projection optical system is adjusted, based on said information related to wavefront aberration and said image forming characteristic that has been calculated.